THE POLITICAL CRISIS IN FRANCE

ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

THE IRISH CHURCH BILL.

THE SPANISH SITUATION.

Dismissal of the Governor of Catalonia.

Re-establishment of Civil Law in Cuba.

The Censorship of the Telegaph Withdrawn,

FRANCE.

The Governmental Crisis—Demands of the Op-position—M. Rouher's Position—The Empe-ror Quietly Watching the Course of Events. PARIS, July 9, 1869.

The governmental crisis in France increases in in-tensity. The members of the constitutional opposition in the Corps Legislatif declare as their ultima-tum that nothing short of the retirement of M. Rouher will satisfy them. The Emperor desires his retirement, but hesitates to dismiss him on account of the Min ister's devotion and ability in discharging the duties of his position. M. Rouher's failure to comply with the evident wish of the Emperor is severely cri

Yesterday the proprietor of one of the leading journals said:- "M. Rouher, your time has comeleave_decamp_clear out !

"I know it," answered the Minister, "but my wife won't resign," which is literally true, as Madame objects to give up palace honors. The Emperor will wait meantime till this little domestic trouble is

The majority of the Assembly are opposed to the ions of the left centre, which in the first instance demands a responsible ministry, and, secondly, the autonomy of the Assembly. The Emperor is, therefore, obliged to parley with the oppo-sition, the majority of whom do not wish to defy him openly, and hence the legislative deadlock, which must be brought to an end in the course of

Another View of the Situation

PARIS, July 9, 1869.
The Peuple Français says the Deputies in the Corps Législatif who are now signing an interpella-tion for political reforms are members of the *Tiers* parti and friends of the government. They do not want the Emperor to renounce his right of initiative, but ask him to allow the Chamber to share in it. We believe the Emperor is not disposed to reject their demand. The situation is not disquieting. While one side is not disposed to make exaggerated claims, the other is equally resolved not to make exaggerated resistance. The crisis will terminate in a compromise which will satisfy public opinion. The article continues:-

ter Rouher, in his reply yesterday to M. Favre, admitted that a ministerial crisis was spoken of; but the great question of changes, which will powerfully affect the institution of society in the future was bound up with the question of the barrier which must be raised against revolution. We know not when or by whom the agreement will be achieved; but we do know on what vital force the Chamber will rely to preserve society.

The Resignation of the Ministry Announced

The evening lournals announce the resignation of the Ministers. It is believed that M. Rouher has been commissioned to form a new Cabinet, which will include four members of the tiers parti. I manifesto from the Emperor is looked for.

Senator Ramsey, of Minnesota, arrived here

The Voyage of the Great Eastern Nearly BREST, July 9, 1869.

Up to Thursday noon the steamship Great Eastern had run 1.754 knots from this port and paid out 1,977 on board the steamer expected to reach shoal water by Friday noon.

ENGLAND.

The Postponement of the Alabama Question in Parliament-Views Regarding This Course-New Minister to Spain-Overend, Gurney & Co. and Their Creditors.
London, July 9, 1869.

The Times regards the postponement of the de-bate on the Alabama claims with satisfaction. Their introduction at the present moment would serve no good purpose. A general sense of weariness with t to the subject on both sides necessitates an interval of a considerable period it is resumed. Debate could only be useful if Parliament disapproved of the conduct of the Ministry or wished to instruct it in regard to future negotiations. But there is no tion. The only charge against Lords Stanley and Clarendon is that they were too yielding; but the Commons were not likely to advise a withdrawal of the concessions made, nor were they pre pared to lay down a plan for future negotiations, and pations of such results from the discussion were ensaton is a due regard for national dignity, which forbids our approaching the American government on these questions; public opinion is unanimous on this point. The late treaty was virtually American; for it was made, altered and realtered by Seward and Johnson. It was rejected as much through party antipathies as from any dis content with its provisions, it was probably foredoomed, and whatever its provisions might have been in all likelihood would have met the same fate. England is ready to listen to any proposals from America; but to display a desire to receive them favorably would tend to increase, not lessen When Mr. Motiey considers the feeling of America is such that a treaty consistent with the honor of England will satisfy Americans, he may address the government for a renewal of nego-tiations. Only such a treaty will have a chance of ce. Nothing more is desired than to live in peace and good will with a kindred nation; but now ess disposition exists to sacrifice the interests and dignity of the country to any unjust pretensions. The which seems to forbode weakness when negotia tion comes. The prevalence of more moderate views in America is gratifying. It is to be hoped that the question of the Queen's neutrality proclamation, which has dropped out of sight, will be tacitly abandoned. This favorable change is owing to the discovery that England will not concede be youd a certain point; and this resolution is not likely

The Star is glad that the Alabama discussion has been postponed. American resentment against Eng land is likely to become weaker, and her desire to burden of public debt stronger. The best thing for both countries is to hold their peace for awhile. No general discussion can simplify matters. The new House of Commons evidently preferred to leave the responsibility of the postponement on the government, and the star thinks the country will approve its prudent self-restraint.

It is reported that Lord Howden has been ap

The Associated Chamber of Commerce have ten-dered a public breakfast to Hamilton Hill.

will pay a dividend of one shilling on the pound in September, making full payment to all creditors of their claims, with the exception of the accrued in-

Church Bill Received in the House of Lords. LONDON, July 9-Midnight.

In the House of Lords to-night the Irish Church bill came up for report from the committee.
On motion of Lord Cairns the date "1st of May, 1871," was substituted for the "1st of January, 1872," ghout the bill.

Lord Redesdale moved an amendment that the tatives of the Irish Church, and the Catholic synod in cases of vacant bishoprics, nominate three persons for the crown to select from and that the crown be empowered to summon one archbishop and two bishops from each Church to sit in Parlia-

The Earl of Granard protested on the part of the

Catholics against the amendment, which he declared was utterly inadmissible, and it was withdrawn.

The Marquis of Clanricarde moved that clause 28, giving power to convey additional land to the Church body, be restored to its original form. He Church body, be restored to its original form. He said the clause as now amended revived Protestan ascendancy in its most hateful form, giving glebe lands to the Church body, but refusing them to Catholics and Presbyterians. It was certain that the government and the House of Commons would never

The Marquis of Salisbury repiled that in moving the amendment he contemplated similar grants to the Catholics and Presbyterians according to Mr. Bright's original proposal, which Mr. Gladstone had endorsed; but he thought that the retention of their

After further discussion the Earl of Denbigh an-nounced that the Catholics had decided not to accept

glebe lands or residences.

The Marquis of Clanricarde's motion to restore clause 28 was lost by a vote of 40 to 91. The amendment embracing the proposal of Earl Granville to pay haif a million sterling in money Instead of handing over private endowments created

The report was then received. The Earl of Clancarty gave notice that when the bill came up for third reading he should move a

before 1660, was agreed to.

The Fourth Day of the Newmarket Races. The sweepstakes of ten sovereigns each, for two year old coits and fillies, was won by Wheatear,

SPAIN

beating Mr. Elliott's Elferon by Weatherblt.

The Ministry Condemned-Dismissal of the Governor of Catalonia.

MADRID, July 9, 1869. The press and the people generally condemn the

Ministry. The Governor of Catalonia has been dismissed for not preventing a republican demonstration in Barcelona. Disorders are anticipated there and troops are kept in readiness to suppress any turbulence.

CUBA.

Estimates of Expenses-Civil Law Re-established in Several Jurisdictions-Cable Despatches to Be Sent in the Future Whether Favorable to the Spaniards or Not.

The government estimates the expenditures for July at \$2,000,000, distributed as follows:—War, \$500,000; Navy, \$200,000; Interior, \$750,000; Education, \$11,000; Miscellaneous, \$550,000. The government has embargoed up to date 540 estates, of which twenty have produced \$75,000 for the State. The rest are in a state of liquidation.

Count Valmaseda writes to the Captain General that the civil authority has been re-established in the jurisdictions of Manzanillo, Bayamo and Jiguani, and travelling on the highways was safe.

Captain General De Rodas has granted to the cor respondent of the Associated Press a freer use of the military movements the correspondent would always be permitted to state facts, though at times they might be unfavorable to the government; that true knowledge abroad of what actually passed in Cuba would injure no one save the rebels.

JAMAICA.

Arrival and Departure of the Quaker City-The Schooner Lahave Embargoed. KINGSTON, July 3, via HAVANA, July 9, 1869.

The steamer Quaker City arrived here on the 28th ultimo and sailed yesterday. Her destination is unknown.

The schooner Lahave and cargo have been em

MISSOURI

Railroad Excursionists in St. Louis

County Protested Bonds A party of gentlemen interested in railroad con-nections (St. Louis, Crestline and thence to Pittsburg and Cleveland; arrived here last evening. The excursion is in the interest of the new road between Terre Haute and Indianapolis, and the object is to examine the tributaries of the road and get a knowledge of the country. The cars which brought the excursionists, including the first pioneer car through from Cieveland, will be transferred across the river to-day for a trip through Missouri and Kansas, and

to-day for a trip through Missouri and Kansas, and will leave by the Missouri Pacific Railroad, and after a trip to the end of the Kansas Pacific road will return by the North Missouri road.

The St. Louis County Court has directed its President, Thomas J. Baily, and Judge Clover, County Counsellor, to proceed to New York and taxe such action in the protested county bond matter as they may deem expedient or proper. The County Court declares that it has no desire to avoid any just legal claims against it, and if a proper tribunal decides its liability to pay in gold the creditors will not be obliged to wait, but the coin will be paid at once.

MISSISSIPPI.

New Republican Organ-Satisfaction at the Nomination of Judge Dent. JACKSON, July 9, 1869. The new organ of the national republican party made its appearance to-day. It hoists the name of

Judge Dent for Governor. Judge Dent's nomina tion on the Grant platform meets with warm appro-bation and general applause. NEW YORK.

Great Rain Storm at Utica-Railroad Travel Interrupted-Bridges Carried Away-De struction of Property. Utica, July 9, 1869.

The heaviest rain storm of many years passed over this city at noon yesterday. For over an hour the water literally fell in streams. The Sauquoit creek rose very rapidly during the afternoon, and reached a higher point than at any previous time for fifty years. Travel on the Utica, Chenango Valley and years. Travel on the Utica, Chenango Valley and Susquehanna Valley Railroad is suspended, the bridge at Checkerville being gone. The dam at Chadwicks is destroyed. The bridge between here and New Hartford is washed away, stopping travel on the Utica and Clinton Railroad. The premises of the Utica Cotton Mill Company, at New Hartford, are damaged to the amount of \$18,000. Two dwellings and three barns are gone. Six feet of water steod on the first floor of the factory, doing great damage to the machinery, and the dam is injured.

Escape of Two Convicts From Sing Sing POUGHKERPSTR. July 9, 1869.

At half-past one o'clock this atternoon, during the prevalence of a heavy shower, two convicts at Sing Prison, made their escape. Up to eight o'clock to-night they had not been recaptured.

NEW JERSEY.

The Society of the Army and Navy of the Gulf. LONG BRANCH, July 9, 1869.

The complimentary ball given this evening by the proprietor of the Stetson House to the Society of the Army and Navy of the Gulf was a grand success. The Associated Chamber of Commerce have tenfored a public breakfast to Hamilton Ifili.

The assignees of Overend, Gurney & Co.'s bank

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VIRGINIA.

iratification of General Canby at the Result of the Election-Governor Walker Not to be Inaugurated Until After the Meeting of Cou-

WASHINGTON, July 9, 1889. In an interview with one of your correspondents in Richmond, yesterday, General Camby stated that as far as he had heard the election in this State was one of the fairest that ever occurred. The measures instituted by him for the preservation of the peac and he was exceedingly gratified at the man ner in which the election passed off. He stated and he was exceedingly gratified at the manner in which the election passed off. He stated that under the reconstruction acts, there being now so perpetual session of Congress, Governor Walker could not take his seat until the constitution was accepted by Congress; that Grant's policy was triumphant in Virginia was a matter of congratuation to the entire country, and the General undoubtedly felt happy in effecting the permanent reconstruction of the State. Grant's instructions to him were to "reconstruct Virginia." and General Canby has fought it out on Grant's own line without taking "all summer." Governor Walker has been quietly receiving the congratulations of his friends at the Exchange Hotel, in Richmond, to-day. Numberiess bouquets, beautiful in their maxe-up, have been sent him by the ladies of the city, and the enthusiasm created over him still continues.

The telegraphic announcement that the President expressed his satisfaction with the result of the election in Virginia was received with evident delight in Richmond. The more friendly tone of the radical press has also contributed to the general cheerfulvess. The people say they are the dof strife and eager to get back into the Union on the basis of the Reconstruction acts in good faith. Mr. Daniels' telegram to Grant was an expression of the sentiments of the people. A careful count to-night of the Legislature indicates:—Senate, 31 white tiberals. 8 white radicals and 4 black. House of Delegates—97 white liberals and 3 colored, 33 white radicals and 11 colored. Eighty-four counties give Walker 23,000 majority.

PENNSYL VANIA.

The Gettysburg Battlefield-Reunion of Cou

GETTYSBURG, July 9, 1869. The Board of Directors of the Gettysburg Memo rial Association have passed resolutions contemplat ing the settlement of most important and interest which may bring hither General Lee and other rebel and its corps, divisions and brigades. The following

are the resolutions:—
Resolved, That the Battlefield Memorial Association, having accomplished its first purpose by securing the tenure of all the more important portions of the battle-ground, and thus preventing a change in the physical aspect of the field, will now proceed with the next purpose of its organization—the indicating of the field with plain but enduring memorials, constructed from the granite of its hills.
Resolved, That the indicating of the more prominent events of the three days' atruggles, with the positions of the forces, corps, divisions and brigades, by permanent memorials, making the field of battle its own interpreter, is the best method of recording and perpetuating the history of the battle in its simple truth, and of furnishing a practical illustration in study of the art of war, thus popularizing and affording slike to the citizen and foreign visitor a ready acquaintance with this battle, which, perhap, better than any other, illustrates the greatest waged battle of the century.
The secretary of the association was directed to

illustrates the greatest waged battle of the century.

The secretary of the association was directed to invite the generals who commanded armies, corps, divisions and brigades to furnish the information required, in order truly to designate the positions and events to be perpetuated, and to make arrangements for their reunion on the field in the first week of August, to confer together and determine the points to be commemorated.

Infanticide in Bucks County.

READING, July 9, 1869.
Two cases of infanticide came to light in this county within the past two days. The first occurred in this city. The body of a newly-born male infant was discovered yesterday morning in a cess-pool, where it had evidently laid for three weeks. The mother has been arrested and comm for a hearing. The other happened in Ortelanno township, near Leesport. The body of a male chite, apparently four or five weeks old, was found yesteray morning, by a little girl, floating in the Maiden creek, with a gash in its neck, below the ear. The District Attorney and detective Lyon proceeded to the spot this afternoon to investigate the affair, and it is reported they have discovered and arrested the unnatural mother.

MINNESOTA.

The Northern Pacific Railway-Departure an Exploring Party.

MINNRAPOLIS. July 9, 1869, The Northern Pacific Railway exploring party left here this morning. The route will be from Amber-crombie, on the Red river, to Hembin, where they vill meet an agent of Jay Cooke & Co., from them to Big Bend. Governor Smith and a portion of the party will follow the Red river to Fort Meany. On its return the party will explore the route to Lake Superior and fix the Eastern terminus of the road. A junction at Superior will be made with the Oregon party, now exploring toward's Pugets Sound.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS ITEMS.

The New Hampshire Legislature adjourned vesterdey morning. One hundred and sixty acts and reso lutions were passed during its late session.

The game of base ball yesterday in Philadelphia be tween the Harvard College Club and the Athletics resulted in favor of the Harvards by a score of 35 The Canadian Dominion Rifle As

will take place at Toronto on the 6th of September. Over \$4,000 in money is to be given in prizes. Fifteen hundred competitors are expected.

The lager beer dealers of Boston have formed permanent organization for vigorous political action to repeal the liquor law. The Germans throughout he State are invited to form local societies for the same object.

The directors of the Buñalo and Eric Railroad yesterday accepted the agreement to consolidate with the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway, subject to the approval of the stockholders, the vote to be taken on the 10th of August.

vote to be taken on the root of August.

Thomas Mulhall, twice convicted of aiding and abetting the murder of David P. Skinner, at Cleveland, Ohlo, was yesterday sentenced to be hung on the 28th of August. John Kilfoll, convicted of being an accessory to the piot to rob Mr. Skinner, was sentenced to fifteen years? imprisonment.

FUROPEAN MARKETS.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—LONDON, July 9—4:30 P. 1.—Consols closed at 93% for money and 93% for ac-count. United States five-twenty bonds easier at 14. Railway stocks quiet. Erie, 18%; Illinois Cencount. United States five-twenty bonds easier at 81%. Railway stocks quiet. Erie, 18%; Illinois Cen-trals, 95%. Paris Bourse.—Paris, July 9.—Bourse buoyant. Rentes, 70f. 57c.
Frankfort Bourse.—Frankfort, July 9.—United states five-twenty bonds closed at 86% for the issue

States five-twenty bonds closed at 88% for the issue of 1882.

Liverpool. Cofton Market.—Liverpool., July 9—4:30 P. M.—The market closed quiet at the following figures:—Middling uplands, 12%d: middling Orleans, 12%d. The sales of the day foot up 10,000 bales.

HAVRE COTTON MARKET.—HAVRE, July 9—Evening.—Cotton closed quiet and steady.

Liverpool Beradstupps and Phovisions Market.—Liverpool. July 9.—The markets closed unchanged in tone and quotations.

Liverpool. Phoduce Market.—Liverpool., July 9.—Spirits tuipentine has declined to 27s. per cwt. Other articles unchanged.

London Produce Market.—London, July 9.—Tallow closed at 45s. per cwt. Sperm oil declined to 592. Sugar, affoat, 28s. 9d. Spirits turpentine. 27s. 6d.

Petroleum Market.—Antwerp, July 9.—Petro-leum, 49%f. for standard white.

NAVAL INTELLIGENCE. Report from the European Squadron.

Washington, July 9, 1869. Rear Admiral Radford, commanding the European squadron, reports to the Navy Department from Villa Franca, France, June 21, announcing the arrival of the flagship Franklin at that port from

Toulon. The United States steamer Kenosha arrived t Barcelona, Spain, May 27, from Gibrattar. Cap tain Macomb reports that the government of Spain s fitting out at the naval arsenal at Cartagena the is fitting out at the navail arsenal at Cartagena the iron-clad Numancia and plating a frigate of the Colorado class, and that the keel of a large dist class fron-clad has been taid. The United States steamer Richmond arrived at Spezza, Italy, on May 6, having touched at Athens, Smyrna, Alexandria, Tripoli and other ports. Capitaln Mullany reports having saluted at Spezza the flagship of Vice Admiral Prince Amida, second son of Victor Emanuel, accommanding the Italian fleet. The United States steamer Guard had arrived at Spezza. The health of the officers and crews in the squadron was good.

good, Chief Engineer Theodore Zeller is ordered to duty at New York in shipping machinists and firemen for naval service.

FFFFCTS OF THE STORM IN NEW JERSEY YESTERDAY. During the storm yesterday upwards of fifty trees ere blown down in the Elysian Fields. A tree at the corner of Fourth and Washington streets was uprooted and tore up the flags of the side walk. Six trees in Jersey avenue, Jersey City, were blown down and a young man was seriously injured by the failing of one of them. The three structures which were nearly completed at Water street. Bergen, were utterly demolished by a squall of wind.

THE HARVARD INTERNATIONAL CREW.

Trial of the New Boat at Greenpoin Vigorous Pull-Excellent Condition of the Crew-Entertainment by the Nassau Boat

ince their arrival in this city the style, physiqu and general bearing of the Harvard crew have elicited confidence and esteem. They are dashing feilows all, and will doubtless realize the expectations formed of them. They sail to-day for Europe by the City of Paris with the most fervent hopes for their success. Win or lose, they will ever retain the admiration their pluck has meritoriously created, for they will have gained a triumph even if defeated. They go forth to struggle with the English on their own famillar ground, yielding to every little objection care-fully set up to mar the event. The victory of the Harvard crew, therefore, should they carry the honors of the day, will be the more tremendous. Yesterday morning the crew-consisting of Captain Loring, Mr. Burnham (cox-swain), Mr. Simmons, Mr. Bass and Mr. Rice—started for Greenpoint to try their new boat, built by Mr. Elliot. It measures forty-nine feet long, eighteen inches wide, six and a half inches deep on the ends, and twelve inches deep in the cockpit. It is con-structed of Spanish cedar an eighth of an inch thick, and altogether is a sterling piece of workmanship The other boat, which has been boxed and shipped on board the City of Paris, will be used for practice and it is intended that the one built by Elliot will, if sible, be the instrument of victory. The crew arrived at Greenpoint yesterday morning and progetting ready, but finally, towards one o'clock the men prepared for the test in Newtown creek. Never did oarsmen present a more healthy, vigorous and plumpness observable on some of the crew, which will be got rid of on the other side; but on the whole they looked promising in the extreme. Away they dashed, first perhaps a little tenderly; but finding the boat extremely obedient the firm and sinewy muscles of the crew were brought into active requisition. The new boat scudded along in excellent siyle in presence of three or four hundred spectators, who were but too anxious to behold the performance of the crew. The test was an admirable one, and after a siashing pull for about fifteen minutes the crew returned, expressing themselves highly delighted. Beyond question the trial resulted most satisfactorily, not only as regards the boat itself, but likewise in respect to the crew, who rowed much better than on the day preceding. It was evident, however, that they did not "let themselves out," to use the expression, but merely intended to try their new boat in as simple a manner as possible, it is gratifying to know that they themselves were pleased, and nothing now remains but a vigorous plece of training prior to the event, all the while keeping "our own cook" close at hand. The crew returned yesterday to the Astor House shortly after two o'slook, the rain having somewhat interfered with the pleasures of the day. They entered their rooms and soon discussed their humble though substantial fare. rooms and soon the rooms and soon the sympathy that the Harvard crew have won the sympathy and the Harvard crew have won the sympathy are the course of all Americans who admire pluck and

with the piessures of their humble though substantial fare.

That the Harvard crew have won the sympathy not only of all Americans who admire pluck and dauntiess energy, but of their brother amateur carmen in this city, was unmistakably evidenced at the Nassau Boat Club House, last night. Cordial and hearty in the extreme, the reception of the Harvard crew displayed a thorough appreciation of the grand struggle at issue. The members of the Nassau Boat Club, an organization of much enterprise, certainly inferior to none in the country, were resolved not to part with their Harvard Iriends without a kind aden, and to that end they gave a reception last evening worthy the occasion and the cause. No less than aix boat clubs were fully represented, including the Vesper Club of Yonkers, the Alcione, of Brooklyn; the Columbia, of New York; the Atalanta, New York; Waverley, New York; Atiantic, Brooklyn, and a host of well known oarsmen. Towards eight o'clock the club house was quite a lively and animated establishment, the popular strains of a good band adding not a little to the enlivement of the occasion. The arrival of the Harvard crew was impatiently awaited and the hospitable tables of the club were in readiness for their reception. About twenty minutes to ten o'clock a ringing cheer announced their advent, and as the courageous and dashing looking oarsmen entered the club house they were greeted with a storm of applause. President General Lloyd Aspinwall received the guestion behalf of the club and delivered a brief but appropriate and encouraging address, which, of course, was haited with much enthusiasm. Captain Loring, of the Harvard crew, modestly replied, wisely remarking that he would defer his "noise" till after the race, which observation was the sugnal for another burst of approbation. The following gentlemen formed a very efficient Committee of Arrangements, for, aithough the club house was crowded to excess, the entire affair was characterized by the most complete harmony:—Measrs, J. B. White, C. S. Kin

THE SCANDINAVIAN SOCIETY.

Applyersary at Elm Park-Crowded Celebration.

The twenty-fifth anniversary of the Scandinavian Ninety-second street and Eighth avenue. The cele-bration took the form of a picnic and midsummer night's festival, and notwithstanding the rain which fell in torrents at midday the of the association and their friends. A Norwegian and discoursed national Scandinavian airs. The dancing platform was profusely decorated with bunting, and principal among the flags were noticed the Stars and Stripes and the national flags of Denmark, Norway and Sweden. At an early hour in the afternoon the assembled ladies and gentlemen betook themselves to the dancing platform and to the music of the band enjoyed themselves in pursuit of the "light fantastic." At this time, however, the gathering was somewhat slim, but as the evening gathering was somewhat slim, but as the evening advanced fresh arrivals continued to pour in, and by nine o'clock the platform was fully covered by the happy coupies who had come up to the Park in search of enjoyment. At this time the Park presented a very picturesque appearance—the platform was brilliantly illuminated by a thousand gas lights, and the trees and paths surrounding it were made brilliant by a number of Chinese lanterns, which shed various colored rays over the scene of merriment. The greatest joility prevalled at this time. Dance followed dance in quick succession, and no sooner did the signal sound for a recommencement of the terpsichorean exercises near the platform was crowded with a whiring, happy throng. Thus the fun became fast and tartous until about ten o'clock, when the assembled guests formed into file and marched to the supper room, where an exceedingly recherche entertainment had been prepared. To this the assembled company did ample justice, and before they returned to the festivities of the evening interesting speeches were made by the president and other members of the society. The pleasures of the dance were soon resumed, and the echoes of the music and of the merry laugh did not die away until the small hours of the morning were rapidly merging into the larger. The whole affair was one of the most pleasurable which has been held this year, and when the termination came it caused many regrets in the breasts of those who had participated in the celebration.

The Scandinavian Society numbers some 500 members, and is social and benevolent in its objects. The officers of the present year are:—President, James D. Reyffiert; Vice President, John Weesman; Treasurer, G. Gabrielsen; Secretary, H. J. Hansen; Librarian, N. Narvesen. The rooms of the society are at No. 185 Third avenue. A gentleman named Frederick Saimsen, newly arrived, contributed much to the pleasure of the guests by his excellent singing. advanced fresh arrivals continued to pour in, and

THE ARMY OF THE GULF REUNION. Card from General Frank P. Blair. LONG BRANCH, July 9, 186). TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:-

The Tribune and Times, in noticing the reunion of the officers of the Army of the Gulf, do me a great injustice by saying that I insuited the association to whose fes-tival I was invited by my allusions to some of the Confederate leaders. I did not miend to wound the feelings of those who-had honored me by an invita-tion to be present at their festivities. On the con-trary, it was my intention to compliment our own army by speaking of our late adversaries as men worthy of our steel. FRANK P. BLAIL.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE IN NEWBURG.

On Thursday night a policeman on his rounds found a man named Wiley hanging by the neck to a cedar tree in Front street, Newburg. The man was at once cut down, and by a vigorous use of restoratives was brought back to consciousness, when he was taken home. He was unwilling to make known the motive that prompted him to the commission of the rash act, but it is supposed that depression of mind, caused by epiloptic attacks, led him to attempt an escape from this planes.

TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.

An Insane Woman Kills Her Mother-in-Law with an Axe.

A terrible tragedy, which caused great excite-nent, occurred tast night, about half-past eight o'clock, in the house of Mr. George B. Dean, No. 342 West Thirteenth street. Mrs. Rosanna Dean as-saulted and almost instantly killed her husband's mother, Mrs. Susan Lameraux, while laboring under an attack of insanity. Shortly after eight o'clock Mrs. Dean, who had been acting and taiking stairs as if going to the bathroom, and did not return for some time. When she came down again to where the family were sitting in the basement she spoke to a gentleman named Davis and told him to go up stairs and see what she had done. Mr. Davis immediately got up from his seat, but before he could ascend the stairs two of Mr. mother's (Mrs. Lameraux's) room, on the third floor They found her lying on a lounge at the side of the room, apparently insensible. Running down stairs again, they gave the alarm, when several persons ascended the stairs and entered the room when Mrs. Lameraux was lying. They found, to their un-speakable horror, that the old lady was in a dying condition, her pulse beating very slowly. A physictan was sent for on the instant, but by the time he arrived life was almost extinct. At the first glance it seemed that she had suffered no violence, no blood

cian was sent for on the instant, but by the time he arrived life was aimost extinct. At the first giance it shemed that she had suffered no violence, no blood or wounds being visible. A closer examination, however, revealed the fact that she had sustained several severe blows with a blunt instrument on the left breast and shoulders, and that a blow heavier than the others left a large dark mark over her coliar bone. Before anything could be done for her relief or any theory of the cause of her perilous condition could be formed in the minds of the spectators she expired without uttering a word.

Word was sent to the Ninth precinct station to Captain Washoourne, who immediately sent officers to take charge of the premises and arrest all whom it might be considered were concerned in the tragedy. The officers found the old lady on the lounge, as described, and making inquiries arrived at the conclusion that the deed of horror must have been committed by Mrs. Dean, and accordingly arrested her and brought her to the station. She was accompanied by her son, eldest daughter and husband. On entering the captain's private room, where Justice Dodge, representatives of the press and other gentlemen interested were aiready assembled, she did not betray any aiarm, or seem to realize in any manner what she had done. She was dressed very planny, and her face wore an expression of extreme dejection, but not that sadness which is born of an evil conscience. She did not notice any one in the room, and gave utterance to no expressions of surprise at being suddenly confronted by such a number of strangers. She seemed to be about lorty-five years of age.

From the hurried statement of Mr. Dean, his son, and the police officers, it transpired that Mrs. Dean had been laboring under insanity for the past six or seven years; that during that period she had, at intervals, exceedingly bad spells, during which she gave vent to strange opinions respecting the conduct of Mr. Dean, his son, and the police officers, it transpired that Mrs.

search was made for the axe with which the murderous deed was supposed to have been accom-plishet, and it was discovered ultimately in the lower part of the house. It bore no marks on the loade or head. The body of the murdered lady, who, it should have been stated, was seventy years of age and very decrepid, was laid on a bed in the mean-time and an officer was assigned to watch it until the inquest, which will be held this morning, takes place.

place.
Mr. George B. Dean, the sou of the murdered lady, was formerly captain of the watch in the Custom House, and for some years past has been engaged in the business of carter for several government warehouses. His family is quite respectable, and much sympathy is expressed by their many friends, among whom this terrible event has caused intense excitement.

MUSICAL AND THEATRICAL NOTES.

Matinees, despite the sultriness of the atmosphere still flourish in this perspiring winderness of brick and mortar. Although not quite so "thick as leaves in Vallambrosa," nor even quite so numerous as two months ago, they are nevertheless sufficient in number, variety and quality to satisfy the deman of our amusement loving citizens. The following matinées are announced for this afternoon:-"Dora" and "Black-Eved Susan" at Wallack's "Enoc Arden" at Booth's. "Oliver Twist" at the Grand Opera House, "Hiccory Diccory Fox" at the seum, "West Lynne, or the Slopement" at the Thea-tre Comique, Ethiopian sketches and minstrlesy at Bryant's, and minstrelsy and colored burlesque at

Hooley's Opera House, Brooklyn. Miss Susan Galton is giving a short season of English opera bouffe at the Boston Maseum. The critical of the "Hub" praise Miss Galton's singing and acting in a very laudatory manner; but find considerable fault, and very justly, too, with her company. If Miss Galton insists much longer in keeping such deadweignts attached to her skirts she will before long lose prestige in the musical world, and the brilliancy of her former lyrical achievements will be completely hidden by the duiness and gloom of her present surroundings. One prima donna never yet constituted an entire opera company, and Miss Galton would do well to follow the example of Parepa-Rosa and Miss Caroline Richings, and reorganize her company for the approaching season before it is too late.

The attempts to entice Theresa from her Tusculum at Asnieres are all in vain. See is determined to in a very laudatory manner; but find considerab

Rosa and Miss Caroline Richings, and reorganize her company for the approaching season before it is too late.

The attempts to entice Theresa from her Tusculum at Asnieros are all in vain. Sue is determined to sing no more. Theresa aspires to histrionic fame.

Mr. Charles H. Morton, a deserving actor and the original "Black Crook" at Niblo's, has been tendered a complimentary benefit by the Caledonian Club, to come off at the Theatre Français on the 1sth inst., Several well known professional ladies and gentlemen have volunteered their services, and Mr. Morton himself will appear in a leading rôle unon the occasion. "Rob Roy" will be the principal feature of the entertainment.

Sacramento of late has been suffering from a dearth of theatrical sensations. The cause of this is said to be in consequence of the climate giving a warmer reception to professionals than to the citizens of the capital of the Golden State. Miss Charlotte Thompson, supported by a strong company, commences an engagement in that city on next Monday evening, when she will endeavor to enliven the gloomy Sacramenoese by treating them to a season of the legitimate drama.

Miss Kate Reignolds last night personated the Angel of Midnight for the patient splinsters of Worcester. She was supported by an itinerant Boston company and appeared during the place in only "five different charactera."

M. Pasdeloup, before leaving for Germany, accepted the new opera in five acts of M. Victorin Joncieres. The subject of this opera is taken from Bulwer's novel of "The Last Days of Pompeli," and will be entitled "Nydia." This will be the first representation given at the Theatre Lyrique in September.

The difference between the sham applause of the capitality and the genuine applause of an appreciative and delighted audience, is nightly exemplified at Wallack's, where the hearty plaudits of admiring theorets, now practised at so many of our leading thousands riog out clear and unreserved with a spontanetty which is truly refreshing. Here the entire audience, a

SUICIDE BY HANGING IN HUBSON CITY, N. J.

Yesterday morning an unknown man was found hanged by the neck to the upper rall of a wooden fence near the boundary line between Hudson City and West Hoboken. He must have performed the

tinct when the body was discovered. An inquest was held by Justice Luther and a verdict of "Found hanged" was rendered by the jury. The deceased wore a black cost, gray pants, white shirt and stockings, had dark hair, wore no beard and was about forty years of age. He was apparently a native of Germany. In his pockets were found letters addressed to David Daniels.

YACHTING.

The Race Between the Rambier and the Magic To-Day.

Few yachting events have been more earnestly

ooked forward to than the contest petween the (Mr. Osgood), which comes off to-day. Descriptions of these vesseis have already been published in the HERALD. Both are fully prepared for the race— in fact, nothing has been spared to render them in every way capable for the event at issue. It is welf to mention that the owner of the Rambler has staked \$1,000 to \$500 upon his yacht. But this will scarcely rob the race of any interest, for the chances of yachting are too well known. Aside from the odds, however, the owner of the Magic is confident of success, and so a lively struggle may be expected. The yachts will start to-day, at eleven o'clock, from a stake-boat opposite the New York Club House, over the usual regulation course, being a distance of about forty miles, to be sailed according to the rules of the club, with the exception that there will be no allowance of time, and the yachts will accordingly start even. There is no doubt whatever that the race will create a great deal of interest in yachting circles, and the result is therefore eagerly antiopated. It is to be sincerely hoped that there will be no complaints for want of sufficient wind and that the yachts will be tested to their very utmost capacity. every way capable for the event at issue. It is well

Another interesting event takes place to-day. The members of the Bayonne Yacht Club, a most enter-prising and energetic association, hold their annual regatta to-day off their club house at Bayonne.

THE WEEKLY HERALD.

The Cheapest and Best Newspaper in the

Country.

The Weekly Herallo of the present week, now ready, contains the very latest European News by the Cable up to the hour of publication; also Telegraphic Despatches from Cuba, Mexico and other Points. It also contains the Current News of the Week, the Pashions, Amusements, Facetize, Foreign Intelligence; Scientific, Artistic, Sporting, Religious and Literary Intelligence; Washington News, Obituary Notices, Editorial Articles on the prominent topics of the day: Our Agricultural Budget, Renent topics of the day: Our Agricultural Budget, Reviews of the Cattle, Horse, Dry Goods and Boot and Shoe Markets, Financial and Commercial Intelligence, and accounts of all the important and inter-osting events of the week.

TERMS:—Single subscription, \$2; Three copies, \$5; Five copies, \$5; Ten copies, \$15; Single copies, five centseach. A limited number of advertissments inserted in the WREKLY HERALD.

MAILS FOR THE PACIFIC.

The steamship Alaska will sail from this port on Saturday for Aspinwall.

The mails for Central America and the

Pacific will close at half-past ten o'clock in the The NEW YORK HERALD-Edition for the Pacificwill be ready at half-past nine in the morning.

Single copies, in wrappers for mailing, six cents. A.—Beautiful Woman, If You Would Be beautiful use HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM. It gives a pure blooming complexion and restores youth-blu beauty.

il beauty. Its effects are gradual, natural and perfect. It removes Redness, Biotches and Pimples, cures Tan, Sua-urn and Freckles, and makes a lady of thirty appear but burn and Freekies, and makes a lady of thirty appear but twenty.

The MAGNOLIA BALM makes the skin amooth and pearly, the eye bright and clear, the cheok glow with the bloom of youth, and imparts a fresh plump appearance to the countenance. No lady need compliant of her compliance when 75 cents will purchase this delightful article.

Depost IP Park row, New York.

Use only Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair.

A.—Ladies' Faces Enamelled; also the Pre-paration for sale, with instructions, by M. LAUSSON, 740

Owing to the great increase of busi-ness consequent on the popularity of their Cartoon and general issue, the proprietors of THE EVENING TELEGRAM

would impress upon advertisers the necessity of presenting their adver-tisements for the Cartoon papers three days in advance, to secure insertion. In the general issue it is also necessary to present advertisements on the aftermore preceding the issue of the addition for which they are intended. THE EVENING TELGERAM will be sent by mail to subscribers for air dollars per year. Address 97 Nas-sau street.

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For Twenty-five Centa water bug, fiea, moth, bug, about your premises. Lyon's Insect Fowner will do it and nothing else will. Look out for frauds in buying. Buy none that does not best the signature of R. Lyon. If you get the right thing it is sure death to all insects. Sold in bottles only. Any one who pretends to sell it by the ounce or pound is a swindler. Depot, No. 21 Park row, New York.

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